

Required fields are shown with yellow backgrounds and asterisks.

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
Form 19b-4

File No. * SR 2025 - * 10

Amendment No. (req. for Amendments *)

Filing by NYSE Arca, Inc.

Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Initial * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Amendment * <input type="checkbox"/>	Withdrawal <input type="checkbox"/>	Section 19(b)(2) * <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Section 19(b)(3)(A) * <input type="checkbox"/>	Section 19(b)(3)(B) * <input type="checkbox"/>
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Pilot <input type="checkbox"/>	Extension of Time Period for Commission Action * <input type="checkbox"/>	Date Expires * <input type="text"/>	Rule <input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(1) <input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(4) <input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(2) <input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(5) <input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(3) <input type="checkbox"/> 19b-4(f)(6)		
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Notice of proposed change pursuant to the Payment, Clearing, and Settlement Act of 2010
Section 806(e)(1) *

Section 806(e)(2) *

Security-Based Swap Submission pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
Section 3C(b)(2) *

Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document

Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document

Description

Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *).

Proposal to amend certain rules for options on the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC, the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF and to permit Flexible Exchange Options

Contact Information

Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.

First Name * Kathleen Last Name * Murphy

Title * Senior Counsel, NYSE Group Inc.

E-mail * Kathleen.Murphy@ice.com

Telephone * (212) 656-4841 Fax (212) 656-8101

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange of 1934, NYSE Arca, Inc. has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date 01/01/2025 (Title *)

By Martha Redding (Name *) Corporate Secretary

NOTE: Clicking the signature block at right will initiate digitally signing the form. A digital signature is as legally binding as a physical signature, and once signed, this form cannot be changed.

Martha Redding

Digitally signed by Martha Redding
Date: 2025.02.03 15:32:15 -05'00'

Required fields are shown with yellow backgrounds and astericks.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EDFS website.

Form 19b-4 Information *

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19b4 Arca 250K BTC BITB FLEX (2 3

The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.

Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change *

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Ex. 1 Arca 250K BTC BITB FLEX.doc

The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

Exhibit 1A - Notice of Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advanced Notice by Clearing Agencies *

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The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

Exhibit 2- Notices, Written Comments, Transcripts, Other Communications

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Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F, they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G.

Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire

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Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.

Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

Exhibit 4 - Marked Copies

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The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.

Exhibit 5 - Proposed Rule Text

Add Remove View

Ex 5 Arca 250K BTC BITB FLEX (2 3

The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change

Partial Amendment

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If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.

1. Text of Proposed Rule Change

- (a) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ NYSE Arca Inc. (“NYSE Arca” or the “Exchange”) proposes to amend certain rules in order to increase the position and exercise limits for options on the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC and the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF, and to permit Flexible Exchange (“FLEX”) Options on such funds.

A notice of the proposed rule change for publication in the Federal Register is attached hereto as Exhibit 1, and the text of the proposed rule change is attached as Exhibit 5.

- (b) The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will have any direct effect, or any significant indirect effect, on any other Exchange rule in effect at the time of this filing.
- (c) Not applicable.

2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

Senior management has approved the proposed rule change pursuant to authority delegated to it by the Board of the Exchange. No further action is required under the Exchange’s governing documents. Therefore, the Exchange’s internal procedures with respect to the proposed rule change are complete.

The person on the Exchange staff prepared to respond to questions and comments on the proposed rule change is:

Kathleen E. Murphy
Senior Counsel
NYSE Group, Inc.
(212) 656-4841

3. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

- (a) Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend certain rules in order to increase the position and exercise limits for options on the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC (“BTC”) and the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF (“BITB”) (each a “Fund” and, collectively, the

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

“Funds”), and to permit options on the Funds to trade as FLEX Equity Options (“FLEX Fund options”) as described herein. Specifically, the Exchange proposes to (1) amend Commentary .06(f) to Rule 6.8-O (Position Limits) to increase the position limits for Fund options from 25,000 contracts to 250,000 contracts, and (2) amend Rules 5.32-O(f)(1) (Terms of FLEX) and 5.36-O(b) (Position Limits) to permit FLEX trading of Fund options and, for each Fund, to aggregate FLEX positions with non-FLEX positions on the same underlying Fund.⁴

The Exchange notes that this proposal is competitive. Nasdaq ISE, LLC (“ISE”) recently filed a substantively identical proposal to increase the position and exercise limits for options on the iShares Bitcoin Trust ETF (“IBIT”) from 25,000 to 250,000 contracts and permit trading of FLEX options on IBIT.⁵

Background

Each Fund is an ETF that holds bitcoin and is listed on the Exchange.⁶ On October 18, 2024, the Commission approved the listing and trading of Fund options on NYSE American, LLC (“NYSE American”).⁷ On November 22, 2024, the Exchange obtained rule authority to trade options on BTC and BITB.⁸ For each Fund, the position and exercise limits are 25,000 contracts, as set forth in Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f), the lowest available limit.⁹

⁴ The Exchange notes that it recently submitted a substantively identical filing to increase the aggregated position and exercise limits for, and to permit FLEX trading of options on, the Grayscale Bitcoin Trust (BTC) (“GBTC”), which filing is pending with the Commission. See SR-NYSEARCA-2025-07, filed Jan. 29, 2025. Like the Funds, GBTC is currently subject to a 25,000-contract position and exercise limit and is not eligible for FLEX trading. See Rules 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f); and 5.32-O(f)(1).

⁵ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 102065 (December 31, 2024) 90 FR 704 (January 6, 2025) (SR-ISE-2024-62) (notice of proposal to modify Options 9, Sections 13 and 15, to increase the IBIT options position and exercise limits from 25,000 to 250,000 contracts) (the “IBIT Proposal”). Although the IBIT Proposal focuses on position limits, ISE proposes to modify its rules in Options 3A, FLEX Options Trading Rules, Section 18, to aggregate “position limits on FLEX Equity Options for [IBIT]” with non-FLEX IBIT options. See id.

⁶ NYSE Arca received approval to list and trade Bitcoin-Based Commodity-Based Trust Shares in BTC and BITB pursuant to NYSE Arca Rule 8.201-E(c)(1). See Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 100610 (July 26, 2024) (order approving listing and trading of Commodity-Based Trust Shares of BTC, among other ETFs), 89 FR 62821 (August 1, 2024) (SR-NYSEARCA-2023-45); 99306 (January 10, 2024), 89 FR 3008 (January 17, 2024) (order approving listing and trading of Commodity-Based Trust Shares of BITB, among other ETFs) (SR-NYSEARCA-2021-90).

⁷ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 101386 (October 18, 2024), 89 FR 84960 (October 24, 2024) (SR-NYSEAMER-2024-49) (order approving rules to permit the listing and trading of options on BTC and BITB, among others) (the “Fund Options Approval Order”).

⁸ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 101713 (November 22, 2024), 89 FR 94839 (November 29, 2024) (SR-NYSEARCA-2024-101) (notice of immediately effective rule change to permit BTC and BITB options trading, based on the already-approved NYSE American rules) (the “Arca Fund Options Notice”).

⁹ See also Rule 6.9-O (Exercise Limits). Pursuant to Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f), the following

FLEX Equity Options are not generally subject to position or exercise limits.¹⁰ Today, pursuant to Rule 5.32-O(f)(1), Fund options are not approved for FLEX trading.¹¹ Therefore, the 25,000-contract limit applicable to each Fund currently applies solely to non-FLEX Fund options.

Per the Commission, “rules regarding position and exercise limits are intended to prevent the establishment of options positions that can be used or might create incentives to manipulate or disrupt the underlying market so as to benefit the options positions.”¹² For this reason, the Commission requires that “position and exercise limits must be sufficient to prevent investors from disrupting the market for the underlying security by acquiring and exercising a number of options contracts disproportionate to the deliverable supply and average trading volume of the underlying security.”¹³ Based on its review of the data and analysis provided by NYSE American, the Commission concluded that the proposed 25,000-contract position limit for options on BTC and BITB satisfied these objectives.¹⁴ The Exchange adopted the already-approved 25,000-contract limit for BTC and BITB options.¹⁵

For the reasons discussed below, the Exchange proposes to increase the position (and exercise) limits for BTC and BITB from 25,000 to 250,000 contracts; to allow FLEX trading of options on each Fund; and to aggregate non-FLEX and FLEX positions in the same underlying Fund for purposes of calculating the proposed 250,000-contract limit.¹⁶

Increased Position Limits

While NYSE American proposed an aggregated 25,000 contract position limit for options on BTC and BITB, it nonetheless believed that evidence existed to

ETFs are also subject to a 25,000-contract position and exercise limit: IBIT, Fidelity Wise Origin Bitcoin Fund (“FBTC”), and ARK 21Shares Bitcoin (“ARKB”).

¹⁰ See Rule 5.35-O(b) (subject to the exceptions enumerated in the rule “there shall be no position limits” for FLEX Equity Options).

¹¹ Pursuant to Rule 5.32-O(f)(1), FLEX trading is also not available for options on IBIT, FBTC, and ARKB.

¹² See Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR at 84971.

¹³ See id.

¹⁴ See id.

¹⁵ See Arca Fund Options Notice, 89 FR at 94842. See also Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f).

¹⁶ See proposed Rules 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f) (removing the 25,000 contract position limit currently applicable to options on BTC and BITB); Rule 5.32-O(f)(1) (excluding BTC and BITB options from prohibition against FLEX trading); and 5.35-O(b)(iii) (adopting requirement that, for each Fund, FLEX and non-FLEX positions on the same underlying Fund be aggregated for purposes of calculating position and exercise limits as set forth in Rules 6.8-O and 6.9-O). Absent the current limit of 25,000 contracts, the position limit for options on BTC and BITB will be determined pursuant to Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(a)-(e). As discussed herein, based on the most recent trading data for BTC and BITB, each Fund currently qualifies for position (and exercise) limits of 250,000 contracts per Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(e)(i).

support a much higher position limit.¹⁷ Specifically, in approving the NYSE American proposal for options on each Fund, the Commission considered and reviewed NYSE American’s analysis that the exercisable risk associated with a position limit of 25,000 contracts represented only 0.7% and 3.6% of the outstanding shares of BTC and BITB, respectively.¹⁸ The Commission also considered and reviewed NYSE American’s arguments that with a 25,000-contract limit for each Fund: (i) the 366,950,100 BTC shares outstanding, meant that 147 market participants would have to simultaneously exercise their same-side positions to place BTC under stress; and (ii) the 68,690,000 BITB shares outstanding, meant that 27 market participants would have to simultaneously exercise their same-side positions to place BITB under stress.¹⁹ Based on the Commission’s review of this information and analysis, the Commission concluded that the 25,000-contract position limit for BTC and BITB would address concerns related to manipulation and investor protection and deemed this limit conservative and therefore appropriate given the liquidity of each Fund.²⁰

Now that options on BTC and BITB have been trading for more than two months, the Exchange proposes to increase the aggregated position and exercise limits for each Fund to 250,000 contracts. BTC and BITB currently qualify for this increased limit pursuant to Rule 6.8-O Commentary .06(e), which requires that, for the most recent six-month period, trading volume for the underlying security is at least 100,000,000 shares.²¹ As of November 25, 2024, during the most recent six-month period, trading volume for BTC was 163,712,700 shares. During the same period, trading volume for BITB was 288,800,860 shares. In addition, as of November 25, 2024, the market capitalization for BTC was \$3,496,748,882²² with an average daily volume (“ADV”) for the preceding three months of 2,036,369 shares, and the market capitalization of BITB was 4,095,157,000²³ with an ADV

¹⁷ See Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR, at 84970 (referring to NYSE American’s argument that, as of Sept. 30, 2024, BTC traded 335,492,930 shares and BITB traded 263,965,870 shares in the most recent six months of trading, which would qualify each Fund for a 250,000-contract position limit per NYSE American Rule 904, Commentary .07(a), which is identical to Arca Rule 6.8-O Commentary .06(e)). The Exchange notes that, as of September 30, 2024, BTC had been trading for only two months. See *id.*

¹⁸ See *id.* Data represents figures from FactSet as of August 30, 2024.

¹⁹ *Id.*, 89 FR, at 84971.

²⁰ *Id.*

²¹ See Rule 6.8-O Commentary .06(e) (providing at subparagraph (e) that the position limit shall be 250,000 contracts for options: (i) on underlying stock or Exchange-Traded Fund Share that had trading volume of at least 100,000,000 shares during the most recent six-month trading period; or (ii) on an underlying stock or Exchange-Traded Fund Share that had trading volume of at least 75,000,000 shares during the most recent six-month trading period and has at least 300,000,000 shares currently outstanding).

²² The market capitalization of BTC was determined by multiplying a settlement price (\$42.16) by the number of shares outstanding (82,939,964). Data represents figures from FactSet as of November 25, 2024.

²³ The market capitalization of BITB was determined by multiplying a settlement price (\$51.70) by

for the three prior months of 2,480,478. Also, as of November 25, 2024, there were 19,787,762 bitcoins in circulation.²⁴ At a price of \$94,830 per bitcoin,²⁵ that equates to a market capitalization of greater than \$1.876 trillion. If a position limit of 250,000 contracts were considered for each Fund, the exercisable risk would represent 30.14%²⁶ of BTC shares outstanding; and 31.27%²⁷ of BITB shares outstanding. Given the liquidity of BTC and BITB, the current 25,000 position limit appears extremely conservative.

As noted above, position and exercise limits are designed to limit the number of options contracts traded on an exchange in an underlying security that an investor, acting alone or in concert with others directly or indirectly, may control. These limits, as described in Rules 6.8-O and 6.9-O, are intended to address potential manipulative schemes and adverse market impact surrounding the use of options, such as disrupting the market in the security underlying the options. Position and exercise limits must balance concerns regarding mitigating potential manipulation and the cost of inhibiting potential hedging activity that could be used for legitimate economic purposes. To achieve this balance, the Exchange proposes to increase the position and exercise limits for options on BTC and BITB from 25,000 contracts to 250,000 contracts and to apply this aggregated limit to FLEX and non-FLEX options in the same underlying Fund. The Exchange believes this proposed aggregated limit for options on each Fund is appropriate for the reasons set forth below.

First, the Exchange reviewed the Funds' data relative to the market capitalization of the entire bitcoin market in terms of exercise risk and availability of deliverables. As noted above, as of November 25, 2024, there were 19,787,762 bitcoins in circulation.²⁸ At a price of \$94,830 per bitcoin,²⁹ that equates to a market capitalization of greater than \$1.876 trillion. If the proposed aggregated position limit of 250,000 contracts were considered, the exercisable risk would represent 30.14% of BTC shares outstanding³⁰ and 31.27% of BITB shares outstanding.³¹ Since each Fund has a creation and redemption process managed

the number of shares outstanding (79,950,100). Data represents figures from FactSet as of November 25, 2024.

²⁴ See <https://www.coingecko.com/en/coins/bitcoin>.

²⁵ This is the approximate price of bitcoin from 4:00 p.m. ET on November 25, 2024.

²⁶ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: (250,000 contract limit * 100 shares per option / 82,939,964 BTC shares outstanding).

²⁷ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: (250,000 contract limit * 100 shares per option / 79,950,100 BITB shares outstanding).

²⁸ See <https://www.coingecko.com/en/coins/bitcoin>.

²⁹ This is the approximate price of bitcoin from 4:00pm ET on November 25, 2024.

³⁰ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: (250,000 contract limit * 100 shares per option / 82,939,964 BTC shares outstanding).

³¹ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: (250,000 contract limit * 100 shares per option / 79,950,100 BITB shares outstanding).

through the issuer (whereby bitcoin is used to create BTC or BITB shares, as applicable), the position limit can be compared to the total market capitalization of the entire bitcoin market, and in that case, the exercisable risk for options on each Fund would represent less than 0.06% (BTC) or 0.07 % (BITB) of all bitcoin outstanding.³² Assuming a scenario where all options on BTC or BITB shares were exercised, given the proposed 250,000-contract position and exercise limit, this would have a virtually unnoticed impact on the entire bitcoin market. This analysis demonstrates that the proposed 250,000 per same side position and exercise limit for options on BTC and BITB is appropriate given the high levels of liquidity of each Fund.

Next, the Exchange reviewed the proposed position limit by comparing it to position limits for derivative products regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”). While the CFTC, through the relevant Designated Contract Markets, only regulates options positions based upon delta equivalents (creating a less stringent standard), the Exchange examined equivalent bitcoin futures position limits. In particular, the Exchange looked to the CME bitcoin futures contract³³ that has a position limit of 8,000 futures. On October 22, 2024, CME bitcoin futures settled at \$94,945.³⁴ On October 22, 2024, BTC settled at \$29.90, which would equate to greater than 31,754,180 shares of BTC if the CME notional position limit was utilized. As of the same date, BITB settled at \$36.74, which would equate to greater than 25,842,406 shares of BITB if the CME notional position limit was utilized.³⁵ Since substantial portions of any distributed options portfolio is likely to be out of the money on expiration, an options position limit equivalent to the CME position limit for bitcoin futures (considering that all options deltas are ≤ 1.00) should be a bit higher than the CME implied 175,578 limit. Of note, unlike options contracts, CME position limits are calculated on a net futures-equivalent basis by contract and include contracts that aggregate into one or more base contracts according to an aggregation ratio(s).³⁶ Therefore, if a portfolio includes positions in options on futures, CME would aggregate those positions into the underlying futures contracts in accordance with a table published by CME on a delta equivalent value for the relevant spot month, subsequent spot month, single month and all

³² For BTC, this number was arrived at with this calculation: $((250,000 \text{ limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} * \$42.16 \text{ settle}) / (19,787,762 \text{ bitcoin outstanding} * \$94,830 \text{ bitcoin price}))$; and for BITB, this number was arrived at with this calculation: $((250,000 \text{ limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} * \$51.70 \text{ settle}) / (19,787,762 \text{ bitcoin outstanding} * \$94,830 \text{ bitcoin price}))$.

³³ CME Bitcoin Futures are described in Chapter 350 of CME’s Rulebook.

³⁴ See the Position Accountability and Reportable Level Table in the Interpretations & Special Notices Section of Chapter 5 of CME’s Rulebook.

³⁵ 2,000 futures at a 5-bitcoin multiplier (per the contract specifications) equates to \$949,450,000 (2000 contracts * 5 bitcoin per contract * \$94,945 price of November bitcoin future) of notional value.

³⁶ See <https://www.cmegroup.com/education/courses/market-regulation/position-limits/position-limits-aggregation-of-contracts-and-table.htm>.

month position limits.³⁷ If a position exceeds position limits because of an option assignment, CME permits market participants to liquidate the excess position within one business day without being considered in violation of its rules. Additionally, if at the close of trading, a position that includes options exceeds position limits for futures contracts, when evaluated using the delta factors as of that day's close of trading but does not exceed the limits when evaluated using the previous day's delta factors, then the position shall not constitute a position limit violation. Based on this analysis, the Exchange believes that the proposed 250,000-contract position and exercise limit for options on each Fund is appropriate.

Finally, the Exchange analyzed a position and exercise limit of 250,000 for BTC and BITB against other options on commodity ETFs, namely SPDR Gold Shares ("GLD") and iShares Silver Trust ("SLV").³⁸ GLD has a float of 306.1 million shares³⁹ and a position limit of 250,000 contract. SLV has a float of 520.7 million shares⁴⁰ and a position limit of 250,000 contracts. As previously noted, position and exercise limits are designed to limit the number of options contracts traded on the exchange in an underlying security that an investor, acting alone or in concert with others directly or indirectly, may control. A position limit exercise in GLD would represent 8.17% of the float of GLD; and a position limit exercise in SLV would represent 4.8% of the float of SLV. In comparison, a 250,000-contract position limit would represent 30.14% of the BTC float and 31.27% of the BITB float. The proposed 250,000 position and exercise limit for options on each Fund is comparable with the standard applied to GLD and SLV and is therefore appropriate. The Exchange believes that the trading data for BTC and BITB has demonstrated that each Fund has more than sufficient liquidity to garner an increased position and exercise limit of 250,000 contracts. The Exchange believes that the significant liquidity present in each Fund mitigates against the potential for manipulation.

The Exchange believes that increasing the position and exercise limits, as proposed, would lead to a more liquid and competitive market environment for Fund options, which will benefit customers that trade these options. Further, the reporting requirement for such options would remain unchanged. Thus, the Exchange will still require that each member that maintains same-side positions in Fund options, for its own account or for the account of a customer, report certain information to the Exchange. This information includes, but would not be limited to, the options positions, whether such positions are hedged and, if so, a description of the hedge(s). Market Makers would continue to be exempt from this reporting requirement, however, the Exchange may access Market Maker

³⁷ Id.

³⁸ Like BTC and BITB, GLD and SLV each hold one asset in trust.

³⁹ See <https://www.ssga.com/us/en/intermediary/etfs/spdr-gold-shares-gld>.

⁴⁰ See <https://www.ishares.com/us/products/239855/ishares-silver-trust-fund>.

position information.⁴¹ Moreover, the Exchange's requirement that members file reports with the Exchange for any customer who held aggregate large long- or short-positions on the same side of the market of 200 or more option contracts of any single class for the previous day will remain at this level.⁴²

The Exchange anticipates that trading volume in Fund options will increase as opportunities for investors to participate in the options markets increase and evolve. The Exchange believes that the current position and exercise limits in Fund options are restrictive and will hamper the listed options markets from being able to compete fairly and effectively with the over-the-counter ("OTC") markets. OTC transactions occur through bilateral agreements, the terms of which are not publicly disclosed to the marketplace. As such, OTC transactions do not contribute to the price discovery process on a public exchange or other lit markets. The Exchange believes that without the proposed changes to position and exercise limits for options on BTC and BITB, market participants will find the 25,000-contract position limit an impediment to their business and investment objectives as well as an impediment to efficient pricing. As a result, market participants may find the less transparent OTC markets a more attractive alternative to achieve their investment and hedging objectives, leading to a retreat from the listed options markets, where trades are subject to reporting requirements and daily surveillance.

The Exchange believes that the existing surveillance procedures and reporting requirements at the Exchange are capable of properly identifying disruptive and/or manipulative trading activity. The Exchange also represents that it has adequate surveillances in place to detect potential manipulation, as well as reviews in place to identify continued compliance with the Exchange's listing standards. These procedures monitor market activity to identify unusual activity in both options and the underlying equities.

FLEX Fund Options

The Exchange also proposes to permit BTC and BITB to trade as "FLEX Fund options," which would be subject to aggregated position and exercise limits of 250,000 contracts on all such options -- both FLEX and non-FLEX Fund options. This proposed aggregated limit effectively restricts a market participant from holding positions that could result in the receipt of more than 25,000,000 shares (if that market participant exercised all its options on the same underlying Fund).

The share creation and redemption process available to each Fund is designed to

⁴¹ The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") through the Large option Position Reporting ("LOPR") system acts as a centralized service provider for OTP Holder compliance with position reporting requirements by collecting data from each OTP Holder or OTP Firm, consolidating the information, and ultimately providing detailed listings of each TPH's report to the Exchange, as well as Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), acting as its agent pursuant to a regulatory services agreement ("RSA").

⁴² See Rule 6.6-O. Reporting of Options Positions.

ensure that an ETF's price closely tracks the value of its underlying asset. For example, if a market participant exercised a long call position for 25,000 contracts and purchased 2,500,000 shares of BTC and this purchase resulted in the value of BTC shares to trade at a premium to the value of the (underlying) bitcoin held by BTC, the Exchange believes that other market participants would attempt to arbitrage this price difference by selling short BTC shares while concurrently purchasing bitcoin. Those market participants (arbitrageurs) would then deliver cash to BTC and receive shares of BTC, which would be used to close out any previously established short position in BTC. Thus, this creation and redemptions process would significantly reduce the potential risk of price dislocation between the value of BTC shares and the value of bitcoin holdings.

The Exchange understands that FLEX Options on ETFs are currently traded in the OTC market by a variety of market participants, e.g., hedge funds, proprietary trading firms, and pension funds, to name a few. The Exchange believes there is room for significant growth if a comparable product were introduced for trading on a regulated market. The Exchange expects that users of these OTC products would be among the primary users of FLEX options on BTC and BITB. The Exchange also believes that the trading of such FLEX Fund options would allow these same market participants to better manage the risk associated with the volatility of BTC or BITB (the underlying ETF) positions given the enhanced liquidity that an exchange-traded product would bring.

Additionally, the Exchange believes that FLEX Fund options traded on the Exchange would have three important advantages over the contracts that are traded in the OTC market. First, because of greater standardization of contract terms, exchange-traded contracts should develop more liquidity. Second, counterparty credit risk would be mitigated by the fact that the contracts are issued and guaranteed by OCC. Finally, the price discovery and dissemination provided by the Exchange and its members would lead to more transparent markets. The Exchange believes that its ability to offer FLEX Fund options would aid it in competing with the OTC market and at the same time expand the universe of products available to interested market participants. The Exchange believes that an exchange-traded alternative may provide a useful risk management and trading vehicle for market participants and their customers.

The Exchange has analyzed its capacity and represents that it and The Options Price Reporting Authority ("OPRA") have the necessary systems capacity to handle the additional traffic associated with the listing of FLEX Fund options. The Exchange believes any additional traffic that would be generated from the trading of FLEX Fund options would be manageable. The Exchange believes OTP Holders will not have a capacity issue as a result of this proposed rule change. The Exchange also represents that it does not believe this proposed rule change will cause fragmentation of liquidity. The Exchange will monitor the trading volume associated with the additional options series listed as a result of this proposed rule change and the effect (if any) of these additional series on market fragmentation and on the capacity of the Exchange's automated systems.

The Exchange represents that the same surveillance procedures applicable to the Exchange's other options products listed and traded on the Exchange, including non-FLEX Fund options, will apply to FLEX Fund options, and that it has the necessary systems capacity to support such options. FLEX options products (and their respective symbols) are integrated into the Exchange's existing surveillance system architecture and are thus subject to the relevant surveillance processes. The Exchange's market surveillance staff (including staff of FINRA who perform surveillance and investigative work on behalf of the Exchange pursuant to a regulatory services agreement) conducts surveillances with respect to BTC and BITB (the underlying ETFs) and, as appropriate, would review activity in BTC and BITB when conducting surveillances for market abuse or manipulation in the FLEX options on each Fund.⁴³ The Exchange does not believe that allowing FLEX Fund options would render the marketplace for non-FLEX Fund options, or equity options in general, more susceptible to manipulative practices.

The Exchange represents that its existing trading surveillances are adequate to monitor the trading in BTC and BITB and subsequent trading of the proposed FLEX Fund options on the Exchange. Additionally, the Exchange is a member of the Intermarket Surveillance Group ("ISG") under the Intermarket Surveillance Group Agreement. ISG members work together to coordinate surveillance and investigative information sharing in the stock, options, and futures markets. For surveillance purposes, the Exchange would therefore have access to information regarding trading activity in the pertinent underlying securities. In addition, as referenced above, the Exchange has a regulatory services agreement with FINRA, pursuant to which FINRA conducts certain surveillances on behalf of the Exchange. Further, pursuant to a multi-party 17d-2 joint plan, all options exchanges allocate regulatory responsibilities to FINRA to conduct certain options-related market surveillances.⁴⁴ The Exchange will implement any additional surveillance procedures it deems necessary to effectively monitor the trading of options on BTC and BITB.

The proposed rule change is designed to allow investors seeking to trade options on each Fund to utilize FLEX Fund options. The Exchange believes that offering innovative products flows to the benefit of the investing public. A robust and competitive market requires that exchanges respond to member's evolving needs by constantly improving their offerings. Such efforts would be stymied if

⁴³ See supra note 7, Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR at 84966-68 (regarding surveillance procedures applicable to BTC, BITB, and other funds that hold bitcoin).

⁴⁴ Section 19(g)(1) of the Act, among other things, requires every SRO registered as a national securities exchange or national securities association to comply with the Act, the rules and regulations thereunder, and the SRO's own rules, and, absent reasonable justification or excuse, enforce compliance by its members and persons associated with its members. See 15 U.S.C. 78q(d)(1) and 17 CFR 240.17d-2. Section 17(d)(1) of the Act allows the Commission to relieve an SRO of certain responsibilities with respect to members of the SRO who are also members of another SRO. Specifically, Section 17(d)(1) allows the Commission to relieve an SRO of its responsibilities to: (i) receive regulatory reports from such members; (ii) examine such members for compliance with the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, and the rules of the SRO; or (iii) carry out other specified regulatory responsibilities with respect to such members.

exchanges were prohibited from offering innovative products such as the proposed FLEX Fund options. The Exchange believes that introducing FLEX Fund options would further broaden the base of investors that use FLEX Options (and options on BTC or BITB, in general) to manage their trading and investment risk, including investors that currently trade in the OTC market for customized options. The proposed rule change is also designed to encourage Market Makers to shift liquidity from the OTC market on the Exchange, which, it believes, will enhance the process of price discovery conducted on the Exchange through increased order flow.

Implementation

The Exchange will announce the implementation date by Trader Update within sixty (60) days of rule approval.

(b) Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”),⁴⁵ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,⁴⁶ in particular, in that it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

Increased Position Limits

The Exchange believes increasing the aggregated position and exercise limits for BTC and BITB options from 25,000 contracts to 250,000 contracts will remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, protect investors and the public interest, because it will provide market participants with the ability to more effectively execute their trading and hedging activities. Also, increasing the aggregated position and exercise limits for Fund options may allow Market Makers to maintain their liquidity in these options in amounts commensurate with the continued demand in such options. The proposed higher position and exercise limit may also encourage other liquidity providers to continue to trade on the Exchange rather than shift their volume to OTC markets, which will enhance the process of price discovery conducted on the Exchange through increased order flow. The Exchange notes that a higher position and exercise limit would further allow institutional investors to utilize options on BTC and BITB for prudent risk management purposes.

⁴⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

⁴⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

The Exchange analyzed several data points that supported the appropriateness of the proposed aggregated 250,000-contract position and exercise limit on Fund options. As noted above, a comparison of each Fund's market capitalization to the bitcoin market in terms of exercise risk and availability of deliverables revealed that the exercisable risk of the proposed 250,000-contract limit represented 30.14% of BTC shares outstanding⁴⁷ and 31.27% of BITB shares outstanding.⁴⁸ Further, since each Fund has a creation and redemption process managed through the issuer (whereby bitcoin is used to create BTC or BITB shares, as applicable), the proposed position limit as compared to the market capitalization of the bitcoin market, indicated that the exercisable risk for options on each Fund represented less than 0.06 % (BTC) or 0.07% (BITB) of all bitcoin outstanding. Moreover, for each Fund, a comparison of the proposed position limit to the (actual) position limits for equivalent bitcoin futures revealed that the proposed 250,000-contract limit for Fund options is appropriate. Finally, the Exchange's comparison of the proposed position limit against current position limits on commodity-based ETFs, namely GLD and SLV, revealed a position and exercise limit in GLD represents 8.17% of its float and a position and exercise limit in SLV represents 4.8% of its float. By comparison, a 250,000-contract position and contact limit in options on each Fund would represent 30.14% of the BTC float and 31.27% of the BITB float. As noted above, although, the proposed 250,000-contract limit on BTC and BITB options is not as conservative as the standard applied to GLD and SLV, it is comparable and is therefore appropriate.

FLEX Fund Options

The Exchange believes that the proposal to permit FLEX options on BTC and BITB would remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market. The Exchange believes that offering such FLEX Fund options will benefit investors by providing them with an additional, relatively lower cost investing tool to gain exposure to the price of bitcoin and provide a hedging vehicle to meet their investment needs in connection with a bitcoin-related product. Moreover, the proposal would broaden the base of investors that use FLEX Options to manage their trading and investment risk, including investors that currently trade in the OTC market for customized options. By trading a product in an exchange-traded environment (that is currently being used in the OTC market), the Exchange would be able to compete more effectively with the OTC market. The Exchange believes the proposed rule change is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices in that it would lead to the migration of options currently trading in the OTC market to trading to the Exchange. Also, any migration to the Exchange from the OTC market would result in increased market transparency and enhance the process of price discovery conducted on the Exchange through increased order flow. The Exchange also believes that offering the proposed FLEX Fund options may open

⁴⁷ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: $(250,000 \text{ contract limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} / 82,939,964 \text{ BTC shares outstanding})$.

⁴⁸ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: $(250,000 \text{ contract limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} / 79,950,100 \text{ BITB shares outstanding})$.

up the market for options on these Funds to more retail investors.

Additionally, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is designed to remove impediments to and to perfect the mechanism for a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest because FLEX Fund options are designed to create greater trading and hedging opportunities and flexibility. The proposed rule change should also result in enhanced efficiency in initiating and closing out positions and heightened contra-party creditworthiness due to the role of OCC as issuer and guarantor of FLEX Fund options. Further, the proposed rule change would result in increased competition by permitting the Exchange to offer products that are currently used in the OTC market.

The Exchange believes that offering innovative products flows to the benefit of the investing public. A robust and competitive market requires that exchanges respond to member's evolving needs by constantly improving their offerings. Such efforts would be stymied if exchanges were prohibited from offering innovative products such as the proposed FLEX Fund options. The Exchange does not believe that allowing FLEX Fund options would render the marketplace for equity options more susceptible to manipulative practices.

Finally, the Exchange represents that it has an adequate surveillance program in place to detect manipulative trading in FLEX Fund options. Regarding the proposed FLEX Fund options, the Exchange would use the same surveillance procedures currently utilized for FLEX Options listed on the Exchange (as well as for non-FLEX Fund options). For surveillance purposes, the Exchange would have access to information regarding trading activity in BTC and BITB (the underlying ETF).⁴⁹ In light of surveillance measures related to options trading on each Fund and to trading of shares of BTC and BITB (the underlying ETFs), the Exchange believes that existing surveillance procedures are designed to deter and detect possible manipulative behavior which might potentially arise from listing and trading the proposed FLEX Fund options.

4. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

Increased Position Limits. The Exchange believes that its proposal to increase the aggregated position limit for options on BTC and BITB will not burden intra-market competition because the increased limit would be available to all similarly-situated market participants and would provide additional opportunities for market participants to continue to efficiently achieve their investment and

⁴⁹ See supra note 7, Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR at 84966-68 (regarding surveillance procedures applicable to BTC, BITB, and other funds that hold bitcoin).

trading objectives for equity options on the Exchange. The proposed rule change will not impose any burden on inter-market competition as the proposal is not competitive in nature. The Exchange expects that all option exchanges will adopt substantively similar proposals to increase position and exercise limits for options on each Fund, such that the Exchange's proposal would benefit competition. For these reasons, the Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

FLEX Fund Options. The Exchange believes that the proposal to permit FLEX Fund options will not impose any burden on intra-market competition as all market participants can opt to utilize this product or not. The proposed rule change is designed to allow investors seeking option exposure to bitcoin to trade FLEX Fund options. Moreover, the Exchange believes that the proposal to permit FLEX Fund options would broaden the base of investors that use FLEX Options to manage their trading and investment risk, including investors that currently trade in the OTC market for customized options. The Exchange believes that the proposed FLEX Fund options will not impose any burden on inter-market competition but will instead encourage competition by increasing the variety of options products available for trading on the Exchange, which products will provide a valuable tool for investors to manage risk. Should this proposal be approved, competing options exchanges will be free to offer products like the proposed FLEX Fund options.

5. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants or Others

The Exchange has neither solicited nor received written comments on the proposed rule change.

6. Extension of Time Period for Commission Action

The Exchange does not consent at this time to an extension of the time period for Commission action.

7. Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)

Not Applicable.

8. Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the Commission

Not Applicable.

9. Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act

Not Applicable.

10. Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act

Not applicable.

11. Exhibits

Exhibit 1 – Form of Notice of Proposed Rule Change for Federal Register

Exhibit 5 – Text of Proposed Rule Change

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
(Release No. 34- ; File No. SR-NYSEARCA-2025-10)

[Date]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE Arca, Inc.; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change to Amend Certain Rules for Options on the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC, the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF and Permit Flexible Exchange Options

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that, on February 3, 2025, NYSE Arca, Inc. (“NYSE Arca” or the “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend certain rules in order to increase the position and exercise limits for options on the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC and the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF, and to permit Flexible Exchange (“FLEX”) Options on such funds. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend certain rules in order to increase the position and exercise limits for options on the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC (“BTC”) and the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF (“BITB”) (each a “Fund” and, collectively, the “Funds”), and to permit options on the Funds to trade as FLEX Equity Options (“FLEX Fund options”) as described herein. Specifically, the Exchange proposes to (1) amend Commentary .06(f) to Rule 6.8-O (Position Limits) to increase the position limits for Fund options from 25,000 contracts to 250,000 contracts, and (2) amend Rules 5.32-O(f)(1) (Terms of FLEX) and 5.36-O(b) (Position Limits) to permit FLEX trading of Fund options and, for each Fund, to aggregate FLEX positions with non-FLEX positions on the same underlying Fund.⁴

The Exchange notes that this proposal is competitive. Nasdaq ISE, LLC (“ISE”) recently filed a substantively identical proposal to increase the position and exercise limits for options on the iShares Bitcoin Trust ETF (“IBIT”) from 25,000 to 250,000 contracts and permit trading of FLEX options on IBIT.⁵

⁴ The Exchange notes that it recently submitted a substantively identical filing to increase the aggregated position and exercise limits for, and to permit FLEX trading of options on, the Grayscale Bitcoin Trust (BTC) (“GBTC”), which filing is pending with the Commission. See SR-NYSEARCA-2025-07, filed Jan. 29, 2025. Like the Funds, GBTC is currently subject to a 25,000-contract position and exercise limit and is not eligible for FLEX trading. See Rules 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f); and 5.32-O(f)(1).

⁵ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 102065 (December 31, 2024) 90 FR 704 (January 6, 2025) (SR-ISE-2024-62) (notice of proposal to modify Options 9, Sections 13 and 15, to increase the IBIT options

Background

Each Fund is an ETF that holds bitcoin and is listed on the Exchange.⁶ On October 18, 2024, the Commission approved the listing and trading of Fund options on NYSE American, LLC (“NYSE American”).⁷ On November 22, 2024, the Exchange obtained rule authority to trade options on BTC and BITB.⁸ For each Fund, the position and exercise limits are 25,000 contracts, as set forth in Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f), the lowest available limit.⁹

FLEX Equity Options are not generally subject to position or exercise limits.¹⁰ Today, pursuant to Rule 5.32-O(f)(1), Fund options are not approved for FLEX trading.¹¹ Therefore, the 25,000-contract limit applicable to each Fund currently applies solely to non-FLEX Fund options.

Per the Commission, “rules regarding position and exercise limits are intended to prevent the establishment of options positions that can be used or might create incentives to manipulate

position and exercise limits from 25,000 to 250,000 contracts) (the “IBIT Proposal”). Although the IBIT Proposal focuses on position limits, ISE proposes to modify its rules in Options 3A, FLEX Options Trading Rules, Section 18, to aggregate “position limits on FLEX Equity Options for [IBIT]” with non-FLEX IBIT options. See id.

⁶ NYSE Arca received approval to list and trade Bitcoin-Based Commodity-Based Trust Shares in BTC and BITB pursuant to NYSE Arca Rule 8.201-E(c)(1). See Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 100610 (July 26, 2024) (order approving listing and trading of Commodity-Based Trust Shares of BTC, among other ETFs), 89 FR 62821 (August 1, 2024) (SR-NYSEARCA-2023-45); 99306 (January 10, 2024), 89 FR 3008 (January 17, 2024) (order approving listing and trading of Commodity-Based Trust Shares of BITB, among other ETFs) (SR-NYSEARCA-2021-90).

⁷ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 101386 (October 18, 2024), 89 FR 84960 (October 24, 2024) (SR-NYSEAMER-2024-49) (order approving rules to permit the listing and trading of options on BTC and BITB, among others) (the “Fund Options Approval Order”).

⁸ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 101713 (November 22, 2024), 89 FR 94839 (November 29, 2024) (SR-NYSEARCA-2024-101) (notice of immediately effective rule change to permit BTC and BITB options trading, based on the already-approved NYSE American rules) (the “Arca Fund Options Notice”).

⁹ See also Rule 6.9-O (Exercise Limits). Pursuant to Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f), the following ETFs are also subject to a 25,000-contract position and exercise limit: IBIT, Fidelity Wise Origin Bitcoin Fund (“FBTC”), and ARK 21Shares Bitcoin (“ARKB”).

¹⁰ See Rule 5.35-O(b) (subject to the exceptions enumerated in the rule “there shall be no position limits” for FLEX Equity Options).

¹¹ Pursuant to Rule 5.32-O(f)(1), FLEX trading is also not available for options on IBIT, FBTC, and ARKB.

or disrupt the underlying market so as to benefit the options positions.”¹² For this reason, the Commission requires that “position and exercise limits must be sufficient to prevent investors from disrupting the market for the underlying security by acquiring and exercising a number of options contracts disproportionate to the deliverable supply and average trading volume of the underlying security.”¹³ Based on its review of the data and analysis provided by NYSE American, the Commission concluded that the proposed 25,000-contract position limit for options on BTC and BITB satisfied these objectives.¹⁴ The Exchange adopted the already-approved 25,000-contract limit for BTC and BITB options.¹⁵

For the reasons discussed below, the Exchange proposes to increase the position (and exercise) limits for BTC and BITB from 25,000 to 250,000 contracts; to allow FLEX trading of options on each Fund; and to aggregate non-FLEX and FLEX positions in the same underlying Fund for purposes of calculating the proposed 250,000-contract limit.¹⁶

Increased Position Limits

While NYSE American proposed an aggregated 25,000 contract position limit for options on BTC and BITB, it nonetheless believed that evidence existed to support a much higher position limit.¹⁷ Specifically, in approving the NYSE American proposal for options on each

¹² See Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR at 84971.

¹³ See id.

¹⁴ See id.

¹⁵ See Arca Fund Options Notice, 89 FR at 94842. See also Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f).

¹⁶ See proposed Rules 6.8-O, Commentary .06(f) (removing the 25,000 contract position limit currently applicable to options on BTC and BITB); Rule 5.32-O(f)(1) (excluding BTC and BITB options from prohibition against FLEX trading); and 5.35-O(b)(iii) (adopting requirement that, for each Fund, FLEX and non-FLEX positions on the same underlying Fund be aggregated for purposes of calculating position and exercise limits as set forth in Rules 6.8-O and 6.9-O). Absent the current limit of 25,000 contracts, the position limit for options on BTC and BITB will be determined pursuant to Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(a)-(e). As discussed herein, based on the most recent trading data for BTC and BITB, each Fund currently qualifies for position (and exercise) limits of 250,000 contracts per Rule 6.8-O, Commentary .06(e)(i).

¹⁷ See Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR, at 84970 (referring to NYSE American’s argument that, as of

Fund, the Commission considered and reviewed NYSE American's analysis that the exercisable risk associated with a position limit of 25,000 contracts represented only 0.7% and 3.6% of the outstanding shares of BTC and BITB, respectively.¹⁸ The Commission also considered and reviewed NYSE American's arguments that with a 25,000-contract limit for each Fund: (i) the 366,950,100 BTC shares outstanding, meant that 147 market participants would have to simultaneously exercise their same-side positions to place BTC under stress; and (ii) the 68,690,000 BITB shares outstanding, meant that 27 market participants would have to simultaneously exercise their same-side positions to place BITB under stress.¹⁹ Based on the Commission's review of this information and analysis, the Commission concluded that the 25,000-contract position limit for BTC and BITB would address concerns related to manipulation and investor protection and deemed this limit conservative and therefore appropriate given the liquidity of each Fund.²⁰

Now that options on BTC and BITB have been trading for more than two months, the Exchange proposes to increase the aggregated position and exercise limits for each Fund to 250,000 contracts. BTC and BITB currently qualify for this increased limit pursuant to Rule 6.8-O Commentary .06(e), which requires that, for the most recent six-month period, trading volume for the underlying security is at least 100,000,000 shares.²¹ As of November 25, 2024, during the

Sept. 30, 2024, BTC traded 335,492,930 shares and BITB traded 263,965,870 shares in the most recent six months of trading, which would qualify each Fund for a 250,000-contract position limit per NYSE American Rule 904, Commentary .07(a), which is identical to Arca Rule 6.8-O Commentary .06(e)). The Exchange notes that, as of September 30, 2024, BTC had been trading for only two months. See id.

¹⁸ See id. Data represents figures from FactSet as of August 30, 2024.

¹⁹ Id., 89 FR, at 84971.

²⁰ Id.

²¹ See Rule 6.8-O Commentary .06(e) (providing at subparagraph (e) that the position limit shall be 250,000 contracts for options: (i) on underlying stock or Exchange-Traded Fund Share that had trading volume of at least 100,000,000 shares during the most recent six-month trading period; or (ii) on an underlying stock or Exchange-Traded Fund Share that had trading volume of at least 75,000,000 shares during the most recent

most recent six-month period, trading volume for BTC was 163,712,700 shares. During the same period, trading volume for BITB was 288,800,860 shares. In addition, as of November 25, 2024, the market capitalization for BTC was \$3,496,748,882²² with an average daily volume (“ADV”) for the preceding three months of 2,036,369 shares, and the market capitalization of BITB was 4,095,157,000²³ with an ADV for the three prior months of 2,480,478. Also, as of November 25, 2024, there were 19,787,762 bitcoins in circulation.²⁴ At a price of \$94,830 per bitcoin,²⁵ that equates to a market capitalization of greater than \$1.876 trillion. If a position limit of 250,000 contracts were considered for each Fund, the exercisable risk would represent 30.14%²⁶ of BTC shares outstanding; and 31.27%²⁷ of BITB shares outstanding. Given the liquidity of BTC and BITB, the current 25,000 position limit appears extremely conservative.

As noted above, position and exercise limits are designed to limit the number of options contracts traded on an exchange in an underlying security that an investor, acting alone or in concert with others directly or indirectly, may control. These limits, as described in Rules 6.8-O and 6.9-O, are intended to address potential manipulative schemes and adverse market impact surrounding the use of options, such as disrupting the market in the security underlying the options. Position and exercise limits must balance concerns regarding mitigating potential

six-month trading period and has at least 300,000,000 shares currently outstanding).

²² The market capitalization of BTC was determined by multiplying a settlement price (\$42.16) by the number of shares outstanding (82,939,964). Data represents figures from FactSet as of November 25, 2024.

²³ The market capitalization of BITB was determined by multiplying a settlement price (\$51.70) by the number of shares outstanding (79,950,100). Data represents figures from FactSet as of November 25, 2024.

²⁴ See <https://www.coingecko.com/en/coins/bitcoin>.

²⁵ This is the approximate price of bitcoin from 4:00 p.m. ET on November 25, 2024.

²⁶ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: (250,000 contract limit * 100 shares per option / 82,939,964 BTC shares outstanding).

²⁷ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: (250,000 contract limit * 100 shares per option / 79,950,100 BITB shares outstanding).

manipulation and the cost of inhibiting potential hedging activity that could be used for legitimate economic purposes. To achieve this balance, the Exchange proposes to increase the position and exercise limits for options on BTC and BITB from 25,000 contracts to 250,000 contracts and to apply this aggregated limit to FLEX and non-FLEX options in the same underlying Fund. The Exchange believes this proposed aggregated limit for options on each Fund is appropriate for the reasons set forth below.

First, the Exchange reviewed the Funds' data relative to the market capitalization of the entire bitcoin market in terms of exercise risk and availability of deliverables. As noted above, as of November 25, 2024, there were 19,787,762 bitcoins in circulation.²⁸ At a price of \$94,830 per bitcoin,²⁹ that equates to a market capitalization of greater than \$1.876 trillion. If the proposed aggregated position limit of 250,000 contracts were considered, the exercisable risk would represent 30.14% of BTC shares outstanding³⁰ and 31.27% of BITB shares outstanding.³¹ Since each Fund has a creation and redemption process managed through the issuer (whereby bitcoin is used to create BTC or BITB shares, as applicable), the position limit can be compared to the total market capitalization of the entire bitcoin market, and in that case, the exercisable risk for options on each Fund would represent less than 0.06% (BTC) or 0.07 % (BITB) of all bitcoin outstanding.³² Assuming a scenario where all options on BTC or BITB shares were exercised,

²⁸ See <https://www.coingecko.com/en/coins/bitcoin>.

²⁹ This is the approximate price of bitcoin from 4:00pm ET on November 25, 2024.

³⁰ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: $(250,000 \text{ contract limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} / 82,939,964 \text{ BTC shares outstanding})$.

³¹ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: $(250,000 \text{ contract limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} / 79,950,100 \text{ BITB shares outstanding})$.

³² For BTC, this number was arrived at with this calculation: $((250,000 \text{ limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} * \$42.16 \text{ settle}) / (19,787,762 \text{ bitcoin outstanding} * \$94,830 \text{ bitcoin price}))$; and for BITB, this number was arrived at with this calculation: $((250,000 \text{ limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} * \$51.70 \text{ settle}) / (19,787,762 \text{ bitcoin outstanding} * \$94,830 \text{ bitcoin price}))$.

given the proposed 250,000-contract position and exercise limit, this would have a virtually unnoticed impact on the entire bitcoin market. This analysis demonstrates that the proposed 250,000 per same side position and exercise limit for options on BTC and BITB is appropriate given the high levels of liquidity of each Fund.

Next, the Exchange reviewed the proposed position limit by comparing it to position limits for derivative products regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”). While the CFTC, through the relevant Designated Contract Markets, only regulates options positions based upon delta equivalents (creating a less stringent standard), the Exchange examined equivalent bitcoin futures position limits. In particular, the Exchange looked to the CME bitcoin futures contract³³ that has a position limit of 8,000 futures. On October 22, 2024, CME bitcoin futures settled at \$94,945.³⁴ On October 22, 2024, BTC settled at \$29.90, which would equate to greater than 31,754,180 shares of BTC if the CME notional position limit was utilized. As of the same date, BITB settled at \$36.74, which would equate to greater than 25,842,406 shares of BITB if the CME notional position limit was utilized.³⁵ Since substantial portions of any distributed options portfolio is likely to be out of the money on expiration, an options position limit equivalent to the CME position limit for bitcoin futures (considering that all options deltas are ≤ 1.00) should be a bit higher than the CME implied 175,578 limit. Of note, unlike options contracts, CME position limits are calculated on a net futures-equivalent basis by contract and include contracts that aggregate into one or more base contracts according

³³ CME Bitcoin Futures are described in Chapter 350 of CME’s Rulebook.

³⁴ See the Position Accountability and Reportable Level Table in the Interpretations & Special Notices Section of Chapter 5 of CME’s Rulebook.

³⁵ 2,000 futures at a 5-bitcoin multiplier (per the contract specifications) equates to \$949,450,000 (2000 contracts * 5 bitcoin per contract * \$94,945 price of November bitcoin future) of notional value.

to an aggregation ratio(s).³⁶ Therefore, if a portfolio includes positions in options on futures, CME would aggregate those positions into the underlying futures contracts in accordance with a table published by CME on a delta equivalent value for the relevant spot month, subsequent spot month, single month and all month position limits.³⁷ If a position exceeds position limits because of an option assignment, CME permits market participants to liquidate the excess position within one business day without being considered in violation of its rules. Additionally, if at the close of trading, a position that includes options exceeds position limits for futures contracts, when evaluated using the delta factors as of that day's close of trading but does not exceed the limits when evaluated using the previous day's delta factors, then the position shall not constitute a position limit violation. Based on this analysis, the Exchange believes that the proposed 250,000-contract position and exercise limit for options on each Fund is appropriate.

Finally, the Exchange analyzed a position and exercise limit of 250,000 for BTC and BITB against other options on commodity ETFs, namely SPDR Gold Shares ("GLD") and iShares Silver Trust ("SLV").³⁸ GLD has a float of 306.1 million shares³⁹ and a position limit of 250,000 contract. SLV has a float of 520.7 million shares⁴⁰ and a position limit of 250,000 contracts. As previously noted, position and exercise limits are designed to limit the number of options contracts traded on the exchange in an underlying security that an investor, acting alone or in concert with others directly or indirectly, may control. A position limit exercise in GLD would represent 8.17% of the float of GLD; and a position limit exercise in SLV would represent

³⁶ See <https://www.cmegroup.com/education/courses/market-regulation/position-limits/position-limits-aggregation-of-contracts-and-table.htm>.

³⁷ Id.

³⁸ Like BTC and BITB, GLD and SLV each hold one asset in trust.

³⁹ See <https://www.ssga.com/us/en/intermediary/etfs/spdr-gold-shares-gld>.

⁴⁰ See <https://www.ishares.com/us/products/239855/ishares-silver-trust-fund>.

4.8% of the float of SLV. In comparison, a 250,000-contract position limit would represent 30.14% of the BTC float and 31.27% of the BITB float. The proposed 250,000 position and exercise limit for options on each Fund is comparable with the standard applied to GLD and SLV and is therefore appropriate. The Exchange believes that the trading data for BTC and BITB has demonstrated that each Fund has more than sufficient liquidity to garner an increased position and exercise limit of 250,000 contracts. The Exchange believes that the significant liquidity present in each Fund mitigates against the potential for manipulation.

The Exchange believes that increasing the position and exercise limits, as proposed, would lead to a more liquid and competitive market environment for Fund options, which will benefit customers that trade these options. Further, the reporting requirement for such options would remain unchanged. Thus, the Exchange will still require that each member that maintains same-side positions in Fund options, for its own account or for the account of a customer, report certain information to the Exchange. This information includes, but would not be limited to, the options positions, whether such positions are hedged and, if so, a description of the hedge(s). Market Makers would continue to be exempt from this reporting requirement, however, the Exchange may access Market Maker position information.⁴¹ Moreover, the Exchange's requirement that members file reports with the Exchange for any customer who held aggregate large long- or short-positions on the same side of the market of 200 or more option contracts of any single class for the previous day will remain at this level.⁴²

⁴¹ The Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC") through the Large option Position Reporting ("LOPR") system acts as a centralized service provider for OTP Holder compliance with position reporting requirements by collecting data from each OTP Holder or OTP Firm, consolidating the information, and ultimately providing detailed listings of each TPH's report to the Exchange, as well as Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), acting as its agent pursuant to a regulatory services agreement ("RSA").

⁴² See Rule 6.6-O. Reporting of Options Positions.

The Exchange anticipates that trading volume in Fund options will increase as opportunities for investors to participate in the options markets increase and evolve. The Exchange believes that the current position and exercise limits in Fund options are restrictive and will hamper the listed options markets from being able to compete fairly and effectively with the over-the-counter (“OTC”) markets. OTC transactions occur through bilateral agreements, the terms of which are not publicly disclosed to the marketplace. As such, OTC transactions do not contribute to the price discovery process on a public exchange or other lit markets. The Exchange believes that without the proposed changes to position and exercise limits for options on BTC and BITB, market participants will find the 25,000-contract position limit an impediment to their business and investment objectives as well as an impediment to efficient pricing. As a result, market participants may find the less transparent OTC markets a more attractive alternative to achieve their investment and hedging objectives, leading to a retreat from the listed options markets, where trades are subject to reporting requirements and daily surveillance.

The Exchange believes that the existing surveillance procedures and reporting requirements at the Exchange are capable of properly identifying disruptive and/or manipulative trading activity. The Exchange also represents that it has adequate surveillances in place to detect potential manipulation, as well as reviews in place to identify continued compliance with the Exchange’s listing standards. These procedures monitor market activity to identify unusual activity in both options and the underlying equities.

FLEX Fund Options

The Exchange also proposes to permit BTC and BITB to trade as “FLEX Fund options,” which would be subject to aggregated position and exercise limits of 250,000 contracts on all

such options -- both FLEX and non-FLEX Fund options. This proposed aggregated limit effectively restricts a market participant from holding positions that could result in the receipt of more than 25,000,000 shares (if that market participant exercised all its options on the same underlying Fund).

The share creation and redemption process available to each Fund is designed to ensure that an ETF's price closely tracks the value of its underlying asset. For example, if a market participant exercised a long call position for 25,000 contracts and purchased 2,500,000 shares of BTC and this purchase resulted in the value of BTC shares to trade at a premium to the value of the (underlying) bitcoin held by BTC, the Exchange believes that other market participants would attempt to arbitrage this price difference by selling short BTC shares while concurrently purchasing bitcoin. Those market participants (arbitrageurs) would then deliver cash to BTC and receive shares of BTC, which would be used to close out any previously established short position in BTC. Thus, this creation and redemptions process would significantly reduce the potential risk of price dislocation between the value of BTC shares and the value of bitcoin holdings.

The Exchange understands that FLEX Options on ETFs are currently traded in the OTC market by a variety of market participants, e.g., hedge funds, proprietary trading firms, and pension funds, to name a few. The Exchange believes there is room for significant growth if a comparable product were introduced for trading on a regulated market. The Exchange expects that users of these OTC products would be among the primary users of FLEX options on BTC and BITB. The Exchange also believes that the trading of such FLEX Fund options would allow these same market participants to better manage the risk associated with the volatility of BTC or BITB (the underlying ETF) positions given the enhanced liquidity that an exchange-traded

product would bring.

Additionally, the Exchange believes that FLEX Fund options traded on the Exchange would have three important advantages over the contracts that are traded in the OTC market. First, because of greater standardization of contract terms, exchange-traded contracts should develop more liquidity. Second, counter-party credit risk would be mitigated by the fact that the contracts are issued and guaranteed by OCC. Finally, the price discovery and dissemination provided by the Exchange and its members would lead to more transparent markets. The Exchange believes that its ability to offer FLEX Fund options would aid it in competing with the OTC market and at the same time expand the universe of products available to interested market participants. The Exchange believes that an exchange-traded alternative may provide a useful risk management and trading vehicle for market participants and their customers.

The Exchange has analyzed its capacity and represents that it and The Options Price Reporting Authority (“OPRA”) have the necessary systems capacity to handle the additional traffic associated with the listing of FLEX Fund options. The Exchange believes any additional traffic that would be generated from the trading of FLEX Fund options would be manageable. The Exchange believes OTP Holders will not have a capacity issue as a result of this proposed rule change. The Exchange also represents that it does not believe this proposed rule change will cause fragmentation of liquidity. The Exchange will monitor the trading volume associated with the additional options series listed as a result of this proposed rule change and the effect (if any) of these additional series on market fragmentation and on the capacity of the Exchange’s automated systems.

The Exchange represents that the same surveillance procedures applicable to the Exchange’s other options products listed and traded on the Exchange, including non-FLEX Fund

options, will apply to FLEX Fund options, and that it has the necessary systems capacity to support such options. FLEX options products (and their respective symbols) are integrated into the Exchange's existing surveillance system architecture and are thus subject to the relevant surveillance processes. The Exchange's market surveillance staff (including staff of FINRA who perform surveillance and investigative work on behalf of the Exchange pursuant to a regulatory services agreement) conducts surveillances with respect to BTC and BITB (the underlying ETFs) and, as appropriate, would review activity in BTC and BITB when conducting surveillances for market abuse or manipulation in the FLEX options on each Fund.⁴³ The Exchange does not believe that allowing FLEX Fund options would render the marketplace for non-FLEX Fund options, or equity options in general, more susceptible to manipulative practices.

The Exchange represents that its existing trading surveillances are adequate to monitor the trading in BTC and BITB and subsequent trading of the proposed FLEX Fund options on the Exchange. Additionally, the Exchange is a member of the Intermarket Surveillance Group ("ISG") under the Intermarket Surveillance Group Agreement. ISG members work together to coordinate surveillance and investigative information sharing in the stock, options, and futures markets. For surveillance purposes, the Exchange would therefore have access to information regarding trading activity in the pertinent underlying securities. In addition, as referenced above, the Exchange has a regulatory services agreement with FINRA, pursuant to which FINRA conducts certain surveillances on behalf of the Exchange. Further, pursuant to a multi-party 17d-2 joint plan, all options exchanges allocate regulatory responsibilities to FINRA to conduct certain options-related market surveillances.⁴⁴ The Exchange will implement any additional

⁴³ See supra note 8, Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR at 84966-68 (regarding surveillance procedures applicable to BTC, BITB, and other funds that hold bitcoin).

⁴⁴ Section 19(g)(1) of the Act, among other things, requires every SRO registered as a national securities exchange or national securities association to comply with the Act, the rules and regulations thereunder,

surveillance procedures it deems necessary to effectively monitor the trading of options on BTC and BITB.

The proposed rule change is designed to allow investors seeking to trade options on each Fund to utilize FLEX Fund options. The Exchange believes that offering innovative products flows to the benefit of the investing public. A robust and competitive market requires that exchanges respond to member's evolving needs by constantly improving their offerings. Such efforts would be stymied if exchanges were prohibited from offering innovative products such as the proposed FLEX Fund options. The Exchange believes that introducing FLEX Fund options would further broaden the base of investors that use FLEX Options (and options on BTC or BITB, in general) to manage their trading and investment risk, including investors that currently trade in the OTC market for customized options. The proposed rule change is also designed to encourage Market Makers to shift liquidity from the OTC market on the Exchange, which, it believes, will enhance the process of price discovery conducted on the Exchange through increased order flow.

Implementation

The Exchange will announce the implementation date by Trader Update within sixty (60) days of rule approval.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Securities

and the SRO's own rules, and, absent reasonable justification or excuse, enforce compliance by its members and persons associated with its members. See 15 U.S.C. 78q(d)(1) and 17 CFR 240.17d-2. Section 17(d)(1) of the Act allows the Commission to relieve an SRO of certain responsibilities with respect to members of the SRO who are also members of another SRO. Specifically, Section 17(d)(1) allows the Commission to relieve an SRO of its responsibilities to: (i) receive regulatory reports from such members; (ii) examine such members for compliance with the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, and the rules of the SRO; or (iii) carry out other specified regulatory responsibilities with respect to such members.

Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”),⁴⁵ in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,⁴⁶ in particular, in that it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

Increased Position Limits

The Exchange believes increasing the aggregated position and exercise limits for BTC and BITB options from 25,000 contracts to 250,000 contracts will remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, protect investors and the public interest, because it will provide market participants with the ability to more effectively execute their trading and hedging activities. Also, increasing the aggregated position and exercise limits for Fund options may allow Market Makers to maintain their liquidity in these options in amounts commensurate with the continued demand in such options. The proposed higher position and exercise limit may also encourage other liquidity providers to continue to trade on the Exchange rather than shift their volume to OTC markets, which will enhance the process of price discovery conducted on the Exchange through increased order flow. The Exchange notes that a higher position and exercise limit would further allow institutional investors to utilize options on BTC and BITB for prudent risk management purposes.

The Exchange analyzed several data points that supported the appropriateness of the proposed aggregated 250,000-contract position and exercise limit on Fund options. As noted

⁴⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

⁴⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

above, a comparison of each Fund's market capitalization to the bitcoin market in terms of exercise risk and availability of deliverables revealed that the exercisable risk of the proposed 250,000-contract limit represented 30.14% of BTC shares outstanding⁴⁷ and 31.27% of BITB shares outstanding.⁴⁸ Further, since each Fund has a creation and redemption process managed through the issuer (whereby bitcoin is used to create BTC or BITB shares, as applicable), the proposed position limit as compared to the market capitalization of the bitcoin market, indicated that the exercisable risk for options on each Fund represented less than 0.06 % (BTC) or 0.07% (BITB) of all bitcoin outstanding. Moreover, for each Fund, a comparison of the proposed position limit to the (actual) position limits for equivalent bitcoin futures revealed that the proposed 250,000-contract limit for Fund options is appropriate. Finally, the Exchange's comparison of the proposed position limit against current position limits on commodity-based ETFs, namely GLD and SLV, revealed a position and exercise limit in GLD represents 8.17% of its float and a position and exercise limit in SLV represents 4.8% of its float. By comparison, a 250,000-contract position and contact limit in options on each Fund would represent 30.14% of the BTC float and 31.27% of the BITB float. As noted above, although, the proposed 250,000-contract limit on BTC and BITB options is not as conservative as the standard applied to GLD and SLV, it is comparable and is therefore appropriate.

FLEX Fund Options

The Exchange believes that the proposal to permit FLEX options on BTC and BITB would remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market. The

⁴⁷ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: $(250,000 \text{ contract limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} / 82,939,964 \text{ BTC shares outstanding})$.

⁴⁸ This percentage is arrived at with this equation: $(250,000 \text{ contract limit} * 100 \text{ shares per option} / 79,950,100 \text{ BITB shares outstanding})$.

Exchange believes that offering such FLEX Fund options will benefit investors by providing them with an additional, relatively lower cost investing tool to gain exposure to the price of bitcoin and provide a hedging vehicle to meet their investment needs in connection with a bitcoin-related product. Moreover, the proposal would broaden the base of investors that use FLEX Options to manage their trading and investment risk, including investors that currently trade in the OTC market for customized options. By trading a product in an exchange-traded environment (that is currently being used in the OTC market), the Exchange would be able to compete more effectively with the OTC market. The Exchange believes the proposed rule change is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices in that it would lead to the migration of options currently trading in the OTC market to trading to the Exchange. Also, any migration to the Exchange from the OTC market would result in increased market transparency and enhance the process of price discovery conducted on the Exchange through increased order flow. The Exchange also believes that offering the proposed FLEX Fund options may open up the market for options on these Funds to more retail investors.

Additionally, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is designed to remove impediments to and to perfect the mechanism for a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest because FLEX Fund options are designed to create greater trading and hedging opportunities and flexibility. The proposed rule change should also result in enhanced efficiency in initiating and closing out positions and heightened contra-party creditworthiness due to the role of OCC as issuer and guarantor of FLEX Fund options. Further, the proposed rule change would result in increased competition by permitting the Exchange to offer products that are currently used in the OTC market.

The Exchange believes that offering innovative products flows to the benefit of the investing public. A robust and competitive market requires that exchanges respond to member's evolving needs by constantly improving their offerings. Such efforts would be stymied if exchanges were prohibited from offering innovative products such as the proposed FLEX Fund options. The Exchange does not believe that allowing FLEX Fund options would render the marketplace for equity options more susceptible to manipulative practices.

Finally, the Exchange represents that it has an adequate surveillance program in place to detect manipulative trading in FLEX Fund options. Regarding the proposed FLEX Fund options, the Exchange would use the same surveillance procedures currently utilized for FLEX Options listed on the Exchange (as well as for non-FLEX Fund options). For surveillance purposes, the Exchange would have access to information regarding trading activity in BTC and BITB (the underlying ETF).⁴⁹ In light of surveillance measures related to options trading on each Fund and to trading of shares of BTC and BITB (the underlying ETFs), the Exchange believes that existing surveillance procedures are designed to deter and detect possible manipulative behavior which might potentially arise from listing and trading the proposed FLEX Fund options.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

Increased Position Limits. The Exchange believes that its proposal to increase the aggregated position limit for options on BTC and BITB will not burden intra-market competition because the increased limit would be available to all similarly-situated market participants and

⁴⁹ See supra note 8, Fund Options Approval Order, 89 FR at 84966-68 (regarding surveillance procedures applicable to BTC, BITB, and other funds that hold bitcoin).

would provide additional opportunities for market participants to continue to efficiently achieve their investment and trading objectives for equity options on the Exchange. The proposed rule change will not impose any burden on inter-market competition as the proposal is not competitive in nature. The Exchange expects that all option exchanges will adopt substantively similar proposals to increase position and exercise limits for options on each Fund, such that the Exchange's proposal would benefit competition. For these reasons, the Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

FLEX Fund Options. The Exchange believes that the proposal to permit FLEX Fund options will not impose any burden on intra-market competition as all market participants can opt to utilize this product or not. The proposed rule change is designed to allow investors seeking option exposure to bitcoin to trade FLEX Fund options. Moreover, the Exchange believes that the proposal to permit FLEX Fund options would broaden the base of investors that use FLEX Options to manage their trading and investment risk, including investors that currently trade in the OTC market for customized options. The Exchange believes that the proposed FLEX Fund options will not impose any burden on inter-market competition but will instead encourage competition by increasing the variety of options products available for trading on the Exchange, which products will provide a valuable tool for investors to manage risk. Should this proposal be approved, competing options exchanges will be free to offer products like the proposed FLEX Fund options.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

- (A) by order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change, or
- (B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments:

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSEARCA-2025-10 on the subject line.

Paper Comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEARCA-2025-10. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post

all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>).

Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEARCA-2025-10 and should be submitted on or before [INSERT DATE 21 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.⁵⁰

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

⁵⁰ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

New text is underlined;
Deleted text is in [brackets]

RULES OF THE NYSE ARCA, INC.

RULE 5-O OPTION CONTRACTS TRADED ON THE EXCHANGE

Section 4. Flexible Exchange (“FLEX”) Options

Rule 5.32-O. Terms of FLEX Options

(f) Special Terms for FLEX Equity Options

- (1) The Exchange may approve and open for trading any FLEX Equity Options series on any security that is eligible for Non-FLEX Options trading under Rule 5.3-O (except those set forth in Commentary .01 to Rule 5.3-O other than the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC and the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF, and that has Non-FLEX Options on such security listed and traded on at least one national securities exchange, even if the Exchange does not list and trade such Non-FLEX Options;

Rule 5.35-O. Position Limits

(b) *FLEX Equity Options*. Except as provided in [(i) and (ii)]paragraphs (i) - (iii) below, there shall be no position limits for FLEX Equity Options. However, every OTP Holder or OTP Firm (other than a Market Maker) that maintains a position on the same side of the market in excess of the standard position limit established pursuant to Rule 6.8-O for Non-FLEX Equity Options overlying the same underlying issue on behalf of its own account or for the account of a customer shall report information on such FLEX Equity Option position, positions in any related instrument, the purpose or, strategy for the position, and the collateral used by the account. This report shall lie in the form and manner prescribed by the Exchange. In addition, whenever the Exchange determines that a higher margin requirement is necessary in light of the risks associated with a FLEX Equity Option position in excess of the standard position limit established for Non-FLEX Equity Options overlying the same underlying issue, the Exchange may, pursuant to its authority under Exchange Rule 4.16-O(a), consider imposing additional margin upon the account maintaining such under-hedged position. It should be noted that the

clearing firm carrying the account will be subject to capital charges under SEC Rule 15c3-1 to the extent of any margin deficiency resulting from the higher margin requirement.

(iii) FLEX BTC and BITB Options. Position limits on FLEX Equity Options for the Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust BTC (“BTC”) and the Bitwise Bitcoin ETF (“BITB”) will be aggregated with positions on the same non-FLEX underlying ETF for the purpose of calculating position and exercise limits on each of BTC and BITB options as set forth in Rules 6.8-O and 6.9-O.

RULE 6-O OPTION TRADING

Rules Principally Applicable to Trading of Option Contracts

Rule 6.8-O. Position Limits

Commentary:

.06

(a) - (d) No change.

(e) The position limit shall be 250,000 contracts for options:

(i) on underlying stock or Exchange-Traded Fund Share that had trading volume of at least 100,000,000 shares during the most recent six-month trading period; or

(ii) on an underlying stock or Exchange-Traded Fund Share that had trading volume of at least 75,000,000 shares during the most recent six-month trading period and has at least 300,000,000 shares currently outstanding.

(f) The position limit for the options contracts set forth below are as follows:

Options	Position Limits
PowerShares QQQ TrustSM, Series 1 (QQQ)	1,800,000 contracts
SPDR® S&P 500® ETF (SPY)	3,600,000 contracts
iShares® Russell 2000® ETF (IWM)	1,000,000 contracts
SPDR®Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM ETF Trust (DIA)	300,000 contracts
iShares MSCI Emerging Markets ETF (EEM)	1,000,000 contracts
iShares China Large-Cap ETF (FXI)	1,000,000 contracts
iShares MSCI EAFE ETF (EFA)	1,000,000 contracts
iShares MSCI Brazil Capped ETF (EWZ)	500,000 contracts

iShares 20+ Year Treasury Bond Fund ETF (TLT)	500,000 contracts
iShares MSCI Japan ETF (EWJ)	500,000 contracts
iShares iBoxx High Yield Corporate Bond Fund (HYG)	500,000 contracts
iShares iBoxx \$ Investment Grade Corporate Bond ETF (LQD)	500,000 contracts
Financial Select Sector SPDR Fund (XLF)	500,000 contracts
VanEck Vectors Gold Miners ETF (GDX)	500,000 contracts
Grayscale Bitcoin Trust (BTC) (GBTC)	25,000 contracts
[Grayscale Bitcoin Mini Trust (BTC) (BTC)]	[25,000 contracts]
[Bitwise Bitcoin ETF (BITB)]	[25,000 contracts]
iShares Bitcoin Trust (IBIT)	25,000 contracts
Fidelity Wise Origin Bitcoin Fund (FBTC)	25,000 contracts
ARK21Shares Bitcoin ETF (ARKB)	25,000 contracts
