Page 1 of * 18		SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMM WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 Form 19b-4			File No. * SR 2024 - * 46 No. (req. for Amendments *)		
Filing by NYSI	E American LLC						
Pursuant to Rule 19b-4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934							
Initial * ✓	Amendment *	Withdrawal	Section 19(t	Section 19(b)	(3)(A) * Section 19(b)(3)(B) *		
Pilot	Extension of Time Period for Commission Action *	Date Expires *		Rule 19b-4(f)(1) 19b-4(f)(2) 19b-4(f)(3)	19b-4(f)(4) 19b-4(f)(5) 19b-4(f)(6)		
Notice of pro	oposed change pursuant to the Paym (e)(1) *	nent, Clearing, and Settlem Section 806(e)(2) *	nent Act of 2010	Security-Based Swa Securities Exchange Section 3C(b)(2) *	p Submission pursuant to the Act of 1934		
Exhibit 2 Sent As Paper Document Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document Exhibit 3 Sent As Paper Document							
Provide a brief description of the action (limit 250 characters, required when Initial is checked *). Proposal to modify Rule 971.2NYP							
Contact Information Provide the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the person on the staff of the self-regulatory organization prepared to respond to questions and comments on the action.							
First Name '	Kathleen	Last Name *	Murphy				
Title *	Senior Counsel, NYSE Group Inc.						
E-mail *	Kathleen.Murphy@ice.com						
Telephone *	(212) 656-4841	Fax	(212) 656-8101				
Signature							
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange of 1934, NYSE American LLC has duly caused this filing to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.							
Date	07/24/2024		(Title *)			
Ву	David De Gregorio		Associate General Co	punsel			
form. A digital	(Name *) g the signature block at right will initiate digitally s signature is as legally binding as a physical signa his form cannot be changed.	ture and	David De Gregorio	Digitally signed by David De Gregorio Date: 2024.07.24 16:43:50 -04'00'			

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

For complete Form 19b-4 instructions please refer to the EFFS website.

Form 19b-4 Information *						
Add	Remove	View				
19b4 Amer CMPLX CUBE Pllr Rule cl						

The self-regulatory organization must provide all required information, presented in a clear and comprehensible manner, to enable the public to provide meaningful comment on the proposal and for the Commission to determine whether the proposal is consistent with the Act and applicable rules and regulations under the Act.

Exhibit 1 - Notice of Proposed Rule Change *

Add Remove

Ex. 1 Amer CMPLX CUBE Pllr Rule cl

The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

Exhibit 1A - Notice of Proposed Rule Change, Security-Based Swap Submission, or Advanced Notice by Clearing Agencies *

Add Remove View

The Notice section of this Form 19b-4 must comply with the guidelines for publication in the Federal Register as well as any requirements for electronic filing as published by the Commission (if applicable). The Office of the Federal Register (OFR) offers guidance on Federal Register publication requirements in the Federal Register Document Drafting Handbook, October 1998 Revision. For example, all references to the federal securities laws must include the corresponding cite to the United States Code in a footnote. All references to SEC rules must include the corresponding cite to the Code of Federal Regulations in a footnote. All references to Securities Exchange Act Releases must include the release number, release date, Federal Register cite, Federal Register date, and corresponding file number (e.g., SR-[SRO]-xx-xx). A material failure to comply with these guidelines will result in the proposed rule change being deemed not properly filed. See also Rule 0-3 under the Act (17 CFR 240.0-3)

Exhibit 2- Notices, Written Comments, Transcripts, Other Communications

Add Remove View

Copies of notices, written comments, transcripts, other communications. If such documents cannot be filed electronically in accordance with Instruction F , they shall be filed in accordance with Instruction G .

Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

Exhibit 3 - Form, Report, or Questionnaire

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Copies of any form, report, or questionnaire that the self-regulatory organization proposes to use to help implement or operate the proposed rule change, or that is referred to by the proposed rule change.

Exhibit Sent As Paper Document

Exhibit 4 - Marked Copies

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The full text shall be marked, in any convenient manner, to indicate additions to and deletions from the immediately preceding filing. The purpose of Exhibit 4 is to permit the staff to identify immediately the changes made from the text of the rule with which it has been working.

Exhibit 5 - Proposed Rule Text

Add Remove View

Ex 5 Amer CMPLX CUBE Pllr Rule cla

The self-regulatory organization may choose to attach as Exhibit 5 proposed changes to rule text in place of providing it in Item I and which may otherwise be more easily readable if provided separately from Form 19b-4. Exhibit 5 shall be considered part of the proposed rule change

Partial Amendment

Add Remove View

If the self-regulatory organization is amending only part of the text of a lengthy proposed rule change, it may, with the Commission's permission, file only those portions of the text of the proposed rule change in which changes are being made if the filing (i.e. partial amendment) is clearly understandable on its face. Such partial amendment shall be clearly identified and marked to show deletions and additions.

1. <u>Text of Proposed Rule Change</u>

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² NYSE American LLC ("NYSE American" or the "Exchange") proposes to modify Rule 971.2NYP to clarify the definition of CUBE BBO.

A notice of the proposed rule change for publication in the <u>Federal Register</u> is attached hereto as Exhibit 1 and the text of the proposed rule change is attached as Exhibit 5.

- (b) The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will have any direct effect, or any significant indirect effect, on any other Exchange rule in effect at the time of this filing.
- (c) Not applicable.

2. Procedures of the Self-Regulatory Organization

Senior management has approved the proposed rule change pursuant to authority delegated to it by the Board of the Exchange. No further action is required under the Exchange's governing documents. Therefore, the Exchange's internal procedures with respect to the proposed rule change are complete.

The person on the Exchange staff prepared to respond to questions and comments on the proposed rule change is:

Kathleen E. Murphy Senior Counsel NYSE Group, Inc. (212) 656-4841

3. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change</u>

(a) <u>Purpose</u>

The Exchange proposes to modify Rule 971.2NYP to clarify the definition of CUBE BBO. In October 2023, the Exchange completed its transition to its Pillar trading technology

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

platform ("Pillar").³ In May 2024, the Exchange adopted Rule 971.2NYP (the "Rule"), which describes the operation of its Complex Customer Best Execution ("CUBE") Auction on Pillar ("Auction").⁴ On June 10, 2024, the Exchange deployed the Complex CUBE Auction functionality.⁵ The Exchange proposes to amend the Rule to clarify the definition of CUBE BBO, which would add transparency and alleviate potential investor confusion.

The Complex CUBE Auction is a paired auction, with a price improvement mechanism, for Electronic Complex Orders. The Rule sets forth the definitions applicable to the Auction as well as the requirements for initiating an Auction. In particular, the Rule specifies that, to initiate an Auction, "the net price of a Complex CUBE Order to buy (sell) must be equal to or higher (lower) than the CUBE BB (BO)."

Per the Rule, the CUBE BBO refers to the CUBE BB and the CUBE BO and the CUBE BBO is comprised of higher of the Complex BBO⁷ or DBBO⁸ as follows.

The CUBE BB for a Complex CUBE Order to buy is comprised of the higher of: the Complex BB or the Complex BB plus one cent (\$0.01) if there is a Customer Complex Order on the Complex BB; or the DBB or the DBB plus one cent (\$0.01) if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBB is calculated using the Exchange BBO.

The CUBE BO for a Complex CUBE Order to sell is comprised of the lower of: the Complex BO or the Complex BO minus one cent (\$0.01) if there is a Customer Complex Order on the Complex BO; or the DBO or the DBO minus one cent (\$0.01) if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBO is calculated using the Exchange BBO.

Thus, to initiate an Auction, a Complex CUBE Order must be priced at least equal to the

See Trader Update, NYSE American Options: NYSE Pillar Final Migration Tranche, dated October 30, 2023, available here: https://www.nyse.com/trader-update/history#110000748137 (announcing the last phase of the Pillar migration).

See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 100033 (April 25, 2024) 89 FR 35270 (May 1, 2024) (SR-NYSEAMER-2024-24) (immediately effectiveness filing to adopt Rule 971.2NYP regarding the Complex CUBE Auction on Pillar). See generally Rule 971.2NYP (Complex Electronic Cross Transactions).

See Trader Update, NYSE American Options: Complex CUBE Available June 10, 2024, dated May 13, 2024, available here: https://www.nyse.com/trader-update/history#110001076051 (announcing implementation of Complex CUBE Auctions on Pillar effective June 10, 2024).

⁶ See Rule 971.2NYP(a)(2) (Initiation of Auction).

Nee Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(i) (defining Complex BBO as "the best-priced complex order(s) in the same complex strategy to buy (sell)" and providing that "[t]he Complex BB cannot exceed the DBO and the Complex BO cannot exceed the DBB").

⁸ See Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(ii) (specifying that the DBBO has the meaning set forth in Rule 980NYP(a)(5). Rule 980NYP described Complex Order Trading on the Exchange.

⁹ See Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(i)-(ii).

best priced interest on the Exchange, unless the best-priced interest represents Customer interest, in which case such interest must be price improved. In instances where the DBB (DBO) represents the best-priced interest on the Exchange, the rule text specifies that the DBO (DBB) must be improved by one cent (\$0.01) "if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO" and the DBB(DBO) "is calculated using the Exchange BBO." 10

The Exchange believes that, while accurate, the Rule could be more transparent regarding what interest on the DBBO (i.e., side of market) must be price improved when there is Customer interest at the DBBO and the CUBE BBO is based on the DBBO. Thus, as proposed, the modified Rule would specify that the DBB (DBO) must be price improved when there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBB (DBO) is calculated using the *price of that displayed Customer interest*. The proposed modification also would help clarify the circumstance under which price improvement is not required, e.g., the CUBE BB (when based on the DBB) is not impacted when both component legs of a Complex Order are buying and, for one of the component legs, there is displayed Customer interest at the Exchange BO.

Example:

Trading interest on the Exchange when Complex CUBE Order is submitted

MM1 Leg A: 10 x 10 @ 0.85 x 1.05

Firm1 Leg A to sell 4 @ 1.00 (Limit Order)

MM1 Leg B: 10 x 40 @ 0.10 x 0.30

Cust1 Leg B: buy 4@ 0.10 (Limit Order)

cCUBE to buy {5A-7B} 40 @ 4.32 x cContra to sell {5A-7B} @ 4.10

-The complex strategy to Auction is buy 5 LegA and sell 7 LegB

-The Complex Contra Order specifies an automatch limit price

DBBO for {5A-7B}: 2.15 x 4.30

$$DBB = 4.25 - 2.10 = 2.15$$

<u>Calculation:</u> Sum of (best bid of each buy leg * leg ratio) (0.85x5) – Sum of (best offer of each sell leg * leg ratio) (0.30x7)

$$4.25 - 2.10 = 2.15$$

$$DBO = 5.00 - 0.70 = 4.30$$

<u>Calculation:</u> Sum of (best offer of each buy leg * leg ratio) (1.00x5) – Sum of (best bid of each sell leg * leg ratio) (0.10x7)

See id.

^{11 &}lt;u>See proposed Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(i)-(ii).</u>

CUBE BBO: 2.15 x 4.29

For purposes of the CUBE BBO, the DBO (calculated at 4.30) must be improved by one cent (down to 4.29) because the DBO contains Customer interest on the leg market (i.e., LegB bid @0.10)

To initiate the Auction, the price of the cCUBE @4.32 is adjusted to @4.29 (to be on the CUBE BBO).

RFR announcing the Auction @4.29 is disseminated.

During Auction, only one RFR Response is received: Firm2 Complex GTX Order to sell {5A-7B} 5 @ 4.10

The allocation of the cCUBE Order at the conclusion of Auction, is as follows:

Trades 5 with Firm2 @ 4.10; then Trades 5 with cContra @ 4.10; Trades 30 (i.e., the balance) with cContra @ 4.29

As shown in this example, because there is displayed Customer interest at the Exchange BB, which is used to calculate the DBO for the strategy (i.e., a Customer order to buy LegB @0.10), the CUBE BO must price improve such interest by one cent. Also illustrated is the fact that, to initiate the Auction, the price of the Complex CUBE Order must be priced (back) to comply with the CUBE BBO requirements. This existing (and clarified) Auction functionality is designed to ensure that displayed Customer interest (in this case on the leg markets) is not disadvantaged by the Auction.

The Exchange believes this proposed rule change would add clarity and transparency to Exchange rules making them easier to navigate and comprehend to the benefit of investors.

(b) Statutory Basis

For the reasons set forth above, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, remove impediments to and perfect the mechanisms of a free and open market and a national market system and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change would remove impediments to and perfect the mechanisms of a free and open market and a national market system and would protect investors and the public interest because it would elucidate what interest on the DBBO (i.e., side of market) must be price improved when there is Customer interest at the DBBO, and thus improve the accuracy and comprehensibility of the Rule.

4. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition</u>

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on

competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed rule is not designed to impact competition but is instead designed to improve the clarity (and thus enhance the accuracy) of the Rule by making more explicit the pricing requirements to initiate a Complex CUBE Auction. The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule changes would impact intra-market competition as the proposed rule changes would be applicable to all similarly-situated ATP Holders that trade on the Exchange. To the extent that this improved clarity encourages ATP Holders to utilize the Auction, all market participants stand to benefit from additional liquidity being directed to the Exchange.

The Exchange notes that it operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily direct order flow to competing venues who offer similar functionality. To the extent that the proposed clarification leads to an increase in Exchange volume, this increase should allow the Exchange to better compete against other options markets that already offer similar price improvement mechanisms and for this reason the proposal does not create an undue burden on intermarket competition.

5. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change</u> Received from Members, Participants or Others

The Exchange has neither solicited nor received written comments on the proposed rule change.

6. Extension of Time Period for Commission Action

Not applicable.

7. <u>Basis for Summary Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(3) or for Accelerated Effectiveness Pursuant to Section 19(b)(2)</u>

The Exchange believes that the proposal qualifies for immediate effectiveness upon filing as a "non-controversial" rule change in accordance with Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act¹² and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.¹³

The Exchange asserts that the proposed rule change (i) will not significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest, (ii) will not impose any significant burden on competition, and (iii) by its terms, will not become operative for 30 days after the date of this filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. In addition, the Exchange provided the Commission with written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change, along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, at least five business days prior to the date of filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate.

¹⁵ U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

¹³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change would not significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest or impose any significant burden on competition because it would clarify the definition of the CUBE BBO and the circumstances under which price improvement over displayed Customer interest is required, thus improving the accuracy and comprehensibility of the Rule. The Exchange respectfully requests that the Commission waive the 30-day operative delay. The Exchange believes that waiver of the operative delay would be consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest because the proposed modification would improve the accuracy, clarity, and transparency of the Rule. As such, the Exchange believes that waiver of the operative delay would benefit investors because it would allow the Exchange to adopt the clarifying language on the proposed Rule without delay.

For the foregoing reasons, the Exchange believes that this rule filing qualifies for immediate effectiveness as a "non-controversial" rule change. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule changes if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

8. <u>Proposed Rule Change Based on Rules of Another Self-Regulatory Organization or of the</u>
Commission

Not applicable.

9. <u>Security-Based Swap Submissions Filed Pursuant to Section 3C of the Act</u>

Not applicable.

10. Advance Notices Filed Pursuant to Section 806(e) of the Payment, Clearing and Settlement Supervision Act

Not applicable.

11. Exhibits

Exhibit 1 – Form of Notice of Proposed Rule Change for Publication in Federal Register

Exhibit 5 – Text of Proposed Changes

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EXHIBIT 1

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

(Release No. 34-; File No. SR-NYSEAMER-2024-46)

[Date]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; NYSE American LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Change to Modify Rule 971.2NYP

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that, on July 24, 2024, NYSE American LLC ("NYSE American" or the "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed</u> <u>Rule Change</u>

The Exchange proposes to modify Rule 971.2NYP to clarify the definition of CUBE BBO. The proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website at www.nyse.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change</u>

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change</u>

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to modify Rule 971.2NYP to clarify the definition of CUBE BBO.

In October 2023, the Exchange completed its transition to its Pillar trading technology platform ("Pillar").⁴ In May 2024, the Exchange adopted Rule 971.2NYP (the "Rule"), which describes the operation of its Complex Customer Best Execution ("CUBE") Auction on Pillar ("Auction").⁵ On June 10, 2024, the Exchange deployed the Complex CUBE Auction functionality.⁶ The Exchange proposes to amend the Rule to clarify the definition of CUBE BBO, which would add transparency and alleviate potential investor confusion.

The Complex CUBE Auction is a paired auction, with a price improvement mechanism, for Electronic Complex Orders. The Rule sets forth the definitions applicable to the Auction as well as the requirements for initiating an Auction. In particular, the Rule specifies that, to initiate an Auction, "the net price of a Complex CUBE Order to buy (sell) must be equal to or higher (lower) than the CUBE BB (BO)."

See Trader Update, NYSE American Options: NYSE Pillar Final Migration Tranche, dated October 30, 2023, available here: https://www.nyse.com/trader-update/history#110000748137 (announcing the last phase of the Pillar migration).

See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 100033 (April 25, 2024) 89 FR 35270 (May 1, 2024) (SR-NYSEAMER-2024-24) (immediately effectiveness filing to adopt Rule 971.2NYP regarding the Complex CUBE Auction on Pillar). See generally Rule 971.2NYP (Complex Electronic Cross Transactions).

See Trader Update, NYSE American Options: Complex CUBE Available June 10, 2024, dated May 13, 2024, available here: https://www.nyse.com/trader-update/history#110000748137
https://www.nyse.com/trader-update/history#110001076051
(announcing implementation of Complex CUBE Auctions on Pillar effective June 10, 2024).

See Rule 971.2NYP(a)(2) (Initiation of Auction).

Per the Rule, the CUBE BBO refers to the CUBE BB and the CUBE BO and the CUBE BBO is comprised of higher of the Complex BBO⁸ or DBBO⁹ as follows.

The CUBE BB for a Complex CUBE Order to buy is comprised of the higher of: the Complex BB or the Complex BB plus one cent (\$0.01) if there is a Customer Complex Order on the Complex BB; or the DBB or the DBB plus one cent (\$0.01) if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBB is calculated using the Exchange BBO. The CUBE BO for a Complex CUBE Order to sell is comprised of the lower of: the Complex BO or the Complex BO minus one cent (\$0.01) if there is a Customer Complex Order on the Complex BO; or the DBO or the DBO minus one cent (\$0.01) if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBO is calculated using the Exchange BBO.

Thus, to initiate an Auction, a Complex CUBE Order must be priced at least equal to the best priced interest on the Exchange, unless the best-priced interest represents Customer interest, in which case such interest must be price improved. In instances where the DBB (DBO) represents the best-priced interest on the Exchange, the rule text specifies that the DBO (DBB) must be improved by one cent (\$0.01) "if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO" and the DBB(DBO) "is calculated using the Exchange BBO." 11

^{8 &}lt;u>See</u> Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(i) (defining Complex BBO as "the best-priced complex order(s) in the same complex strategy to buy (sell)" and providing that "[t]he Complex BB cannot exceed the DBO and the Complex BO cannot exceed the DBB").

⁹ See Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(ii) (specifying that the DBBO has the meaning set forth in Rule 980NYP(a)(5). Rule 980NYP described Complex Order Trading on the Exchange.

¹⁰ See Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(i)-(ii).

¹¹ See id.

The Exchange believes that, while accurate, the Rule could be more transparent regarding what interest on the DBBO (i.e., side of market) must be price improved when there is Customer interest at the DBBO and the CUBE BBO is based on the DBBO. Thus, as proposed, the modified Rule would specify that the DBB (DBO) must be price improved when there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBB (DBO) is calculated using the *price of that displayed Customer interest*. ¹² The proposed modification also would help clarify the circumstance under which price improvement is not required, e.g., the CUBE BB (when based on the DBB) is not impacted when both component legs of a Complex Order are buying and, for one of the component legs, there is displayed Customer interest at the Exchange BO.

Example:

Trading interest on the Exchange when Complex CUBE Order is submitted

MM1 Leg A: 10 x 10 @ 0.85 x 1.05

Firm1 Leg A to sell 4 @ 1.00 (Limit Order)

MM1 Leg B: 10 x 40 @ 0.10 x 0.30

Cust1 Leg B: buy 4@ 0.10 (Limit Order)

cCUBE to buy {5A-7B} 40 @ 4.32 x cContra to sell {5A-7B} @ 4.10

-The complex strategy to Auction is buy 5 LegA and sell 7 LegB

-The Complex Contra Order specifies an automatch limit price

DBBO for {5A-7B}: 2.15 x 4.30

DBB = 4.25 - 2.10 = 2.15

<u>Calculation:</u> Sum of (best bid of each buy leg * leg ratio) (0.85x5)

- Sum of (best offer of each sell leg * leg ratio) (0.30x7)

See proposed Rule 971.2NYP(a)(1)(A)(i)-(ii).

$$4.25 - 2.10 = 2.15$$

$$DBO = 5.00 - 0.70 = 4.30$$

Calculation: Sum of (best offer of each buy leg * leg ratio)

(1.00x5) – Sum of (best bid of each sell leg * leg ratio) (0.10x7)

CUBE BBO: 2.15 x 4.29

For purposes of the CUBE BBO, the DBO (calculated at 4.30) must be improved by one cent (down to 4.29) because the DBO contains Customer interest on the leg market (i.e., LegB bid @0.10)

To initiate the Auction, the price of the cCUBE @4.32 is adjusted to @4.29 (to be on the CUBE BBO).

RFR announcing the Auction @4.29 is disseminated.

During Auction, only one RFR Response is received:

Firm2 Complex GTX Order to sell {5A-7B} 5 @ 4.10

The allocation of the cCUBE Order at the conclusion of Auction, is as follows:

Trades 5 with Firm2 @ 4.10; then

Trades 5 with cContra @ 4.10;

Trades 30 (i.e., the balance) with cContra @ 4.29

As shown in this example, because there is displayed Customer interest at the Exchange BB, which is used to calculate the DBO for the strategy (i.e., a Customer order to buy LegB @0.10), the CUBE BO must price improve such interest by one cent. Also illustrated is the fact that, to initiate the Auction, the price of the Complex CUBE Order must be priced (back) to comply with the CUBE BBO requirements. This existing (and clarified) Auction functionality is designed to ensure that displayed Customer interest (in this case on the leg markets) is not disadvantaged by the

Auction.

The Exchange believes this proposed rule change would add clarity and transparency to Exchange rules making them easier to navigate and comprehend to the benefit of investors.

2. <u>Statutory Basis</u>

For the reasons set forth above, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, remove impediments to and perfect the mechanisms of a free and open market and a national market system ^{and}, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change would remove impediments to and perfect the mechanisms of a free and open market and a national market system and would protect investors and the public interest because it would elucidate what interest on the DBBO (i.e., side of market) must be price improved when there is Customer interest at the DBBO, and thus improve the accuracy and comprehensibility of the Rule.

B. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition</u>

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The proposed rule is not designed to impact competition but is instead designed to improve the clarity (and thus enhance the accuracy) of the Rule by making more explicit the pricing requirements to initiate a Complex CUBE Auction. The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule changes would impact intra-market competition as the proposed rule changes would be applicable to all similarly-situated ATP Holders that trade on the Exchange. To the extent that this improved clarity encourages ATP Holders to utilize the Auction, all market participants

stand to benefit from additional liquidity being directed to the Exchange.

The Exchange notes that it operates in a highly competitive market in which market participants can readily direct order flow to competing venues who offer similar functionality. To the extent that the proposed clarification leads to an increase in Exchange volume, this increase should allow the Exchange to better compete against other options markets that already offer similar price improvement mechanisms and for this reason the proposal does not create an undue burden on intermarket competition.

C. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others</u>

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The Exchange has filed the proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of
the Act¹³ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.¹⁴ Because the proposed rule change does not: (i)
significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant
burden on competition; and (iii) become operative prior to 30 days from the date on which it was
filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, if consistent with the protection of
investors and the public interest, the proposed rule change has become effective pursuant to
Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act and Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) thereunder.

A proposed rule change filed under Rule 19b-4(f)(6)¹⁵ normally does not become operative prior to 30 days after the date of the filing. However, pursuant to Rule 19b4(f)(6)(iii), ¹⁶ the Commission may designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with

¹⁵ U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(iii).

¹⁴ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

¹⁵ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

¹⁶ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6)(iii).

the protection of investors and the public interest. The Exchange has asked the Commission to waive the 30-day operative delay so that the proposal may become operative immediately upon filing.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of such proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings under Section 19(b)(2)(B)¹⁷ of the Act to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments:

- Use the Commission's internet comment form
 (https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include file number SR-NYSEAMER-2024-46 on the subject line.

Paper Comments:

Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange
 Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

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¹⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEAMER-2024-46. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NYSEAMER-2024-46 and should be submitted on or before [INSERT DATE 21 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority. 18

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

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New text is <u>underlined</u>; Deleted text is in [brackets]

NYSE American Rules

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Rule 971.2NYP. Complex Electronic Cross Transactions

- (a) *Complex CUBE Order*. A Complex CUBE Order is a Complex Order, as defined in Rule 900.3NYP(f), submitted electronically by an ATP Holder ("Initiating Participant") into the Complex Customer Best Execution Auction ("Complex CUBE Auction" or "Auction") that the Initiating Participant represents as agent on behalf of a public customer, broker dealer, or any other entity.
 - (1) The Initiating Participant guarantees the execution of the Complex CUBE Order by submitting a contra-side order ("Complex Contra Order") representing principal interest or non-Customer interest it has solicited to trade solely with the Complex CUBE Order at a specified "stop price" or an "auto-match limit price" as described in paragraphs (b)(1)(A) and (b)(1)(B) of this Rule. The stop price and auto-match limit price are not displayed.
 - (A) *Definitions*. The following are definitions for purposes of this Rule.
 - (i) The "Complex BBO" means the best-priced complex order(s) in the same complex strategy to buy (sell). The Complex BB cannot exceed the DBO and the Complex BO cannot exceed the DBB.
 - (ii) The "CUBE BBO" means the CUBE BB and the CUBE BO.
 - (a) The CUBE BB for a Complex CUBE Order to buy is comprised of the higher of: the Complex BB or the Complex BB plus one cent (\$0.01) if there is a Customer Complex Order on the Complex BB; or the DBB or the DBB plus one cent (\$0.01) if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBB is calculated using the price of that displayed Customer interest[Exchange BBO].
 - (b) The CUBE BO for a Complex CUBE Order to sell is comprised of the lower of: the Complex BO or the Complex BO minus one cent (\$0.01) if there is a Customer Complex Order on the Complex BO; or the DBO or the DBO minus one cent (\$0.01) if there is displayed Customer interest on the Exchange BBO and the DBO is calculated using the price of that displayed Customer interest[Exchange BBO].

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